

# CHEMINS DU LE BOURDET and FRONTENAY-ROHAN-ROHAN May and September 2018

Footsteps in the Village of Le Bourdet where Francois Meloche my 6<sup>th</sup> great grandfather was born and presumed to have lived before, he left France.

Footsteps made on a walk from Le Bourdet to Frontenay-Rohan-Rohan to see the countryside that my ancestral Meloche family would have lived in.

Footsteps made in the town of Frontenay-Rohan-Rohan where many Meloche family baptisms, weddings and burials took place at Eglise St Pierre during the 17<sup>th</sup> century.

# ORIGIN FILE FOR my ancestor FRANCOIS MELOCHE who was a PIONEER of NEW FRANCE see <a href="https://www.fichierorigine.com/">https://www.fichierorigine.com/</a>

MELOCHE, François	242866
Statut	Marié
Date de baptême	11-10-1676
Lieu d'origine	Fontenay-l'Abbatu (St-Pierre), auj. Frontenay-Rohan-
	Rohan (Deux-Sèvres) 79130
Lieu actuel	Frontenay-Rohan-Rohan
Parents	François MELOCHE et Thérèse Hernu
Métier du père	Marchand, puis voiturier
Date de mariage des	14-04-1663 cm
parents	
Lieu de mariage des	Me Jacques Savin, La Rochelle (Charente-Maritime)
parents	(79130)
Première mention au	1700
pays	
Occupation à l'arrivée	Laboureur
Date de mariage	25-10-1700
Lieu du mariage	Montréal (Notre-Dame)
Conjoint	Marie Mouflet
Décès ou inhumation	Lachine, 12-09-1741

Remarques	En 1700, sa mère est nommée Marie Bloquin. Trois
	soeurs et un frère sont nés à Fontenay-l'Abbatu :
	Françoise, m. LR (St-Sauveur), le 06-02-1690 avec Alexis
	Brouard/Bronard (f. Louis, sergent royal et Michelle
	Millet), laboureur né à Marennes (17219); Louis, né 1680,
	d. 12, s. 13-06-1687 LR (N-D), 7 ans; Renée, m. LR (St-
	Nicolas), le 16-11-1701 avec Antoine Yverneau (vf de
	Rachel Bizière); Marie, m. LR (St-Barthélémy), le 15-07-
	1704, avec Jacques Bonnoteau (Louis, tailleur d'habits et
	Jeanne Bertin), journalier né à Luçon. Son père François
	Méloche (fils de François), marchand à Le Bourdet
	(79046), puis voiturier à Fontenay-l'Abbatu, s.14-05-1696;
	veuf m-1 de Marie Péloquin, dont Marie, née 1657, 6 ans
	en 1663. Ses grands-parents maternels sont Massé
	Hernu, roulier rés. à LR, et Mathurine Mallet. Ses arrière-
	gp maternels sont Michel Hernu, marchand à Tourville,
	Normandie, et Anne Hay; veuf m-2 avec Judith Borg.
Identification*	DGFQ, p. 793 ; DGFC, vol. 1, p. 422
Chercheur(s)	Madeleine Meloche ; Archange Godbout ; Lise
	Dandonneau
Référence*	DGFQ-COMPL., p. 26 ; AG-LAR, p. 165
Copie d'acte	AD-79 numérisé
Dossier d'archives	numérisé
Date de modification	2019-11-26
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# **LE BOURDET**

Francois Meloche my 6<sup>th</sup> great grandfather was born here in 1676. There was no local church in the village, so he was baptized at Frontenay Rohan-Rohan. His father (also Francois Meloche), his grandfather Michel and his great grandfather Andre are all believed to have lived at Le Bourdet over more than 100 years (1575 to 1696).









This is the Mairie (Town Hall) in Le Bourdet. The top view faces the street "Rue de la Courance" and the bottom view faces the street "Rue de l'Eglise".

Lower left corner: The entrance to the village approaching from the east.





# LE BOURDET TODAY

LOCATION: Le Bourdet is 20 km from Niort, 50 km from La Rochelle, 8 km from Frontenay Rohan-Rohan.

POPULATION: 2013 Just over 500.

**MAIN ACTIVITIES**: Agriculture and Poultry farms.

## PRESERVATION EFFORTS:

• GRAND TRAVAUX DU MARAIS POITEVIN: Restoration of square of Eglise St Jacques and the reach of the old mill.

- PEAT BOG PRESERVATION –After exploitation was terminated at the end of WWII
- CONSERVATION OF THE MARACHINE BREED of cows.
- MARACHINE TRAIL WALK to perpetuate and preserve the communal swamp.

I was able to visit the MAIRIE (town hall) on Monday Oct 1, 2018.

The mayor greeted me in the hallway, stamped my pilgrim credential and then we discussed a few items on my question list:

Q: Does he recognize any of the following last names as being present day locals?

A: Meloche, Pelloquin, Hernu, Brunet, Mouflet, Latour, Moncion, Mathieu, Pacquet

- Only Pelloquin and Brunet- Oldest tombstone found was Pelloquin 1859 to 1922
- Q: Is there an actual camino route that includes Le Bourdet?
- A: No, the routes are close by but do not actually go thru Le Bourdet.
- Q: Does he think it may be possible that there was a water mill in Le Bourdet in the late 16<sup>th</sup> Century?
- A: He preferred not to say a definite no, but indicated it is only a slight possibility.

Of course no records were kept at that time.

He provided me with a write up about the church (but it was built after my ancestors migrated). I asked him about the Marachine trail walk and he warned me that it had been catastrophically decimated by the drought this past summer.

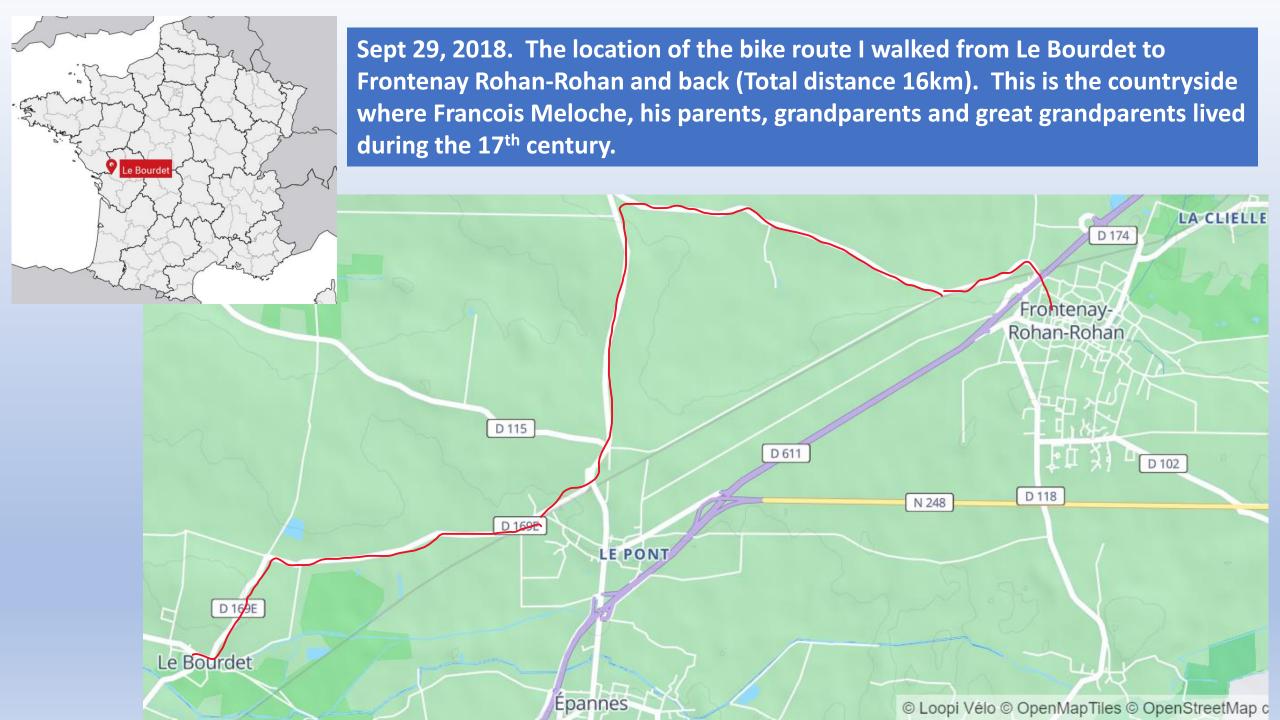
did visit the trail and it was very sad to see the drought impact.



**Mayor Jean-Luc Clisson** 







# BIG SKY BETWEEN LE BOURDET and FRONTENAY ROHAN-ROHAN







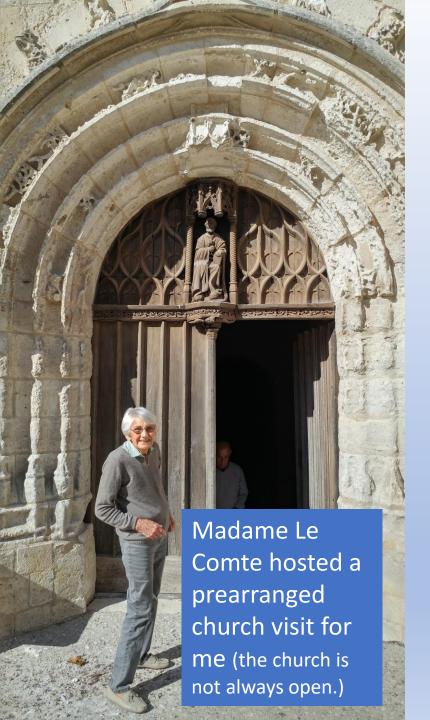


















Madame Le Comte and her husband –met me and shared their knowledge of the church.

Madame Le Comte did not speak a word of English –her husband pitched in with key English words when he could. After my visit I watched them walk away arm in arm –very sweet.

To the right is the old entrance to the original church, Madame Le Comte thought it quite possible it was used during the 17<sup>th</sup> Century by Francois Meloche and his family.





# EGLISE ST PIERRE HISTORICAL INFORMATION



**Source:** <a href="http://frontenay-rohan.emonsite.com">http://frontenay-rohan.emonsite.com</a> /pages/description-de-l-eglise-saint-pierre.html

The church of Saint-Pierre was that of the priory founded, in 1015, by the Viscountess Adegarde or Hildegard, wife of William IV, Duke of Aquitaine.

The church was mentioned for the first time in 1111 in a charter of the Abbey of NOUAILLE which, under the protection of the Counts of Poitou, named the priests of FRONTENAY.

The church Saint Pierre was built between the 11th and the 12th century. The bell tower was completed in the twelfth century, the time of Eustache CHABOT, passionate lady for architecture, which had the reputation to bring out splendid churches as did, in his legend, the fairy Melusine. From this period, today the Romanesque Bell Tower and two bays of the nave remain.

Looted and largely destroyed in 1346, at the beginning of the warOne hundred years ago, by the men of Lord DERBY, Duke of LANCASTRE, who ravaged Poitou, the church was restored, in the XVth century, between 1451 and 1466, by the successive bishops of SAINTES, Louis and Guy de ROCHECHOUART whose Coat of Arms are visible on the facade of the bell tower. By royal authorization, the village was then fortified and the church with a bretèche bell tower. It was badly damaged, a little more than a century later, in 1569, by a fire perpetrated by the Protestants during the Wars of Religion.

The western part - the nave - was not raised: the high Gothic vaults collapsed. They were replaced in 1635 by simple ceilings. The church was rebuilt extending to the east in the form of a large rectangular room divided into three vessels and ending in a flat chevet with three large windows. The flat chevet was common in the reconstructions of that time. It was technically simpler and less expensive to make than Romanesque bedside tables. There remain as witnesses the arches forming the traced choir, the departures of vaults, some butts on the dripping walls but the Gothic structure is now included in massive and ugly square pillars which isolate the central vessel from the collaterals.







Top: Mairie (Town Hall) Frontenay Rohan-Rohan Front view left, back view right.

Left: Cemetery with church in background. Francois Meloche's father was buried here in 1696. In France the graves are "re-cycled" once a family stops paying for the upkeep.



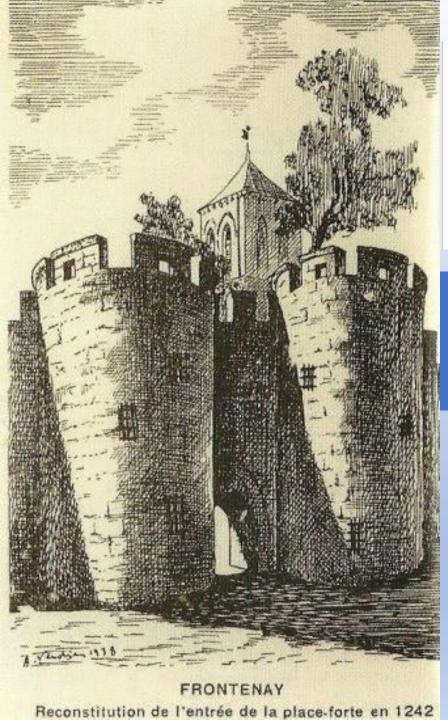




AERIAL VIEW OF FRONTENAY ROHAN-ROHAN. THE AREA OUTLINED IN RED ROUGHLY CORRESPONDS TO THE LOCATION OF THE WALLED FORTRESS IN THE MEDIEVAL AGES (see next slide)



PREFECTURE DES DEUX-SÈVRES



## FRONTENAY ROHAN-ROHAN

# HISTORY

The city is first named Frontenay in the Middle Ages. It belongs then to Lusignan. During the revolt that Hugues X of Lusignan foments against Alphonse de Poitiers and his brother Louis IX in 1242, the city is taken by the royal army after a siege of fifteen days. In retaliation, the walls are razed, and the city is then called Frontenay-l'Abattu. At the time of the revolution the commune takes again its name of Frontenay. In 1897 it is renamed Frontenay-Rohan.

During the battle of 1242 the walls of the medieval fort are razed. The town is known as Frontenay l'Abbatu for almost 500 years. In French "Abbatu" means beaten down. Note the Church tower in the center of this image.



Source: Previously on the village website (2018) at https://www.frontenayrr.fr/

# FRONTENAY ROHAN-ROHAN TODAY

**LOCATION**: Frontenay Rohan-Rohan is located 10 km from Niort, 8 km from Frontenay Rohan-Rohan, 30 minutes from La Rochelle and one hour from Poitiers.

POPULATION: 2018 –just under 3000.

**ECONOMY:** The town of Frontenay Rohan-Rohan(FRR) is located in a predominately agricultural region (grain and livestock). Due to its proximity to Niort, the majority of active FRR people work in Niort, including the many insurance companies that are located there, which earned Niort the title of "capital of insurance"

When I stayed in FRR there were no hotels or restaurants available within the town. I travelled to Coulon (about 20 minutes drive) which is located on the edge of the Marais Poitevin for dinners each night. I stayed at Le Logis de Faugerit (see pictures below) which is located about 3 km from the center of the town, this is an historic mansion built in the 15<sup>th</sup> century.









